DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** 10863(09)

PROJE	CT LOCATION IN	FORMATION:		
Stat	te: Texas			
	ınty: Brazoria			
	iter coordinates of si			28° 56' 11" N, 95° 19' 15' W
	proximate size of are			uplands: 69 acres.
	ne of nearest waterw			
Nan	ne of watershed:	Huc Code: 120402	05, Austin	Oyster
	ICTIONAL DETE		E-12	B 44.4 400.5
Cor	npleted: Desktop		oxtimes	Date: 21 June 2005
	Site visit	(s)		Date(s):
Jur	isdictional Determi	nation (JD):		
		or "navigable water		Definited States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
×	Approved JD – An Check all that appl		ppealable	action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
		igable waters of the Approximate size o		ates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within ional area:
There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:			efined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the all area:	
	There are "isol			te waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. NCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
BASIS (OF JURISDICTION	NAI DETERMINA	TION.	
				vigable waters of the United States":
	The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.			
В.	Waters defined ur	nder 33 CFR part 3	28.3(a) as	"waters of the United States":
				sed, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in
				ers which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
		f interstate waters in		
				e lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,
				t meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or
	destruction of which	ch could affect inters	tate comm	nerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
	(i) which are o	or could be used by i	nterstate o	or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
	(ii) from which	h fish or shellfish ar	e or could	be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
				I purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
		of waters otherwise		
			er identific	ed in (1) – (4) above.
	(6) The presence of			
Ш	(7) The presence of	f wetlands adjacent ²	to other w	vaters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.
Dat	ionala for the Dari-	of Inviediational F	Notonmir -	tion (applies to any house shooked shows). If the invitational

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The area to be dredged is an existing crude oil terminal that receives imports of crude oil. The area is subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and is adjacent to the Port of Freeport channel a federal navigation project a water of the US.

_	FILE NUMBER: 10803(09
	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris hanges in the character of soil
	□ changes in the character of soil □ physical markings/characteristics □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ tidal gages □ shelving □ other: □ other: □ other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
1 A 5 A 5 A 5 A 5 A 5 A 5 A 5 A 5 A 5 A	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
	Ceviewed For Jursidictional Determination (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Freeport, Texas Quadrangle U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Actual Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Freeport, Texas Quadrangle State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify): DA Permit 10863 as ammended and DA Verification D-13189.

-15/3

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-12789/(01)

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Galveston

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29 15 46 N, 94 54 05 W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1.12 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: West Galveston Bay Name of watershed: West Galveston Bay

Completed:	Desktop determination		Date:
	Site visit(s)	×	Date(s): 26 Jul 2005

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

1	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no" waters of the appear to be no" waters of the appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no "waters of the appear t
	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).
	·

\boxtimes	Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
	Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

☑ There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.69 acre.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The wetland on the property are contiguous or neighboring to West Galveston Bay, which is a navigable water of the United States subject to the ebb and flow of the daily tide. As such, the wetlands on the property are adjacent to West Galveston Bay and are subject to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers jurisdiction under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

FILE NUMBER: D-12789/(01)

	Cordinary High Water Mark indicated by: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank Clear, natural line indicated by: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank Clear, natural line impressed on the bank Clear, natural line indicated by: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank Clear, natural line impressed on the bank Clear, natural line indicated by: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank Clear, natural line indicated by: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank Clear, na
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
×	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: USACE
Bas Bas Bas Bas Bas Bas Bas Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:Other (explain):
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Virgina Point, Texas quad U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Deological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Hore Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 17 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 18 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 19 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RCC

FILE NUMBER: D-18176

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Kenedy

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): N26-56-77-W97-34-28 Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 9,800 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Laguna Madre Name of watershed: Laguna Madre

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: December 2005, January 2006

Date(s): 22 November 2005

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no"} \) United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: Numerous-unknown.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Wetland complex is adjacent to Laguna Madre.

2 FILE NUMBER: D-18176 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) High Tide Line indicated by: Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects
fine shell or debris denosits (foreshe clear, natural line impressed on the bank fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: SWCA Environmental Consultants. **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. \Box Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. ☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated 4 Nov. 2005, prepared by (company): SWCA Env. Consultants This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Maria Estella Well, TEX U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 1978/1984 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): USDA 2004 CIR, TNRIS 1995 CIR

Other photographs (Date): onsite by SWCA 2005 & CESWG-PE-RCC.

Site visit/determination conducted on: 22 November 2005

Other information (please specify): 2055 LIDAR topography

Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston **FILE NUMBER:** LOP 24042

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Nueces

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 27.63N / 97.22W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Packery Channel Name of watershed: South Corpus Christi Bay

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

X

Date: 22 Dec 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) dinary High Water Mark indicated by:
ean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum;
etland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: the reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. thable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). thadquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the inited States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
ATEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): aps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. ata sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by the Corps. This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by the Corps. This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by the Corps. This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by
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¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-18084

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:	PRO.	IECT	LOCATIO	ON INFOR	MATION:
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State: Texas County: Calhoun

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM 14, 738619E, 3162634N

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Lavaca Bay Name of watershed: Lavaca Bay

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Date: 22 December 2005

> Site visit(s) Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square\) there appear to be (or) \(\square\) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate victimes.

 (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Lavaca Bay is a navigable water of the U.S.

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of the sins, or y land for is 33 CFR
i

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-18001

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Brazoria

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29 05' 09"N, 95 42' 33"W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 8.63 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: San Bernard River

Name of watershed: San Bernard

Completed: Desktop determination Site visit(s) Date:

Date:
Date(s): 6 Jan 2006

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the or the content of t
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: There are no waters of the United States located within the project boundaries.

	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	 □ Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: □ Other (explain):
DATA I	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Sweeny, Texas quad U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. A Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Soil Survey of Brazoria County, Texas National wetlands inventory maps: Sweeny, Texas quad
	State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Map PAnel 555 Published 5 Jun 1989 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 1995 Sweeny, Texas northwest DOQQ Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: 6 Jan 06 Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-17538

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Brazoria

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 28 55' 01"N, 95 19' 59W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.5 acres acres.

		rshed: Austin-Oyster		
		AL DETERMINATION Desktop determination Site visit(s)		Date: Date(s): 6 Jan 2006
Jı	urisdictiona	l Determination (JD):		
3	United S			there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
		d JD – An approved JD is I that apply:	an appealable	e action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
	W-W	e are "navigable waters of wed area. Approximate si		ates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within tional area:
		are "waters of the United area. Approximate size of		defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the al area:
	There			ate waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. NCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No.
	. Waters	ence of waters that are sub	ert 329 as "na ject to the ebb	avigable waters of the United States": o and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in out interstate or foreign commerce.

BAS

- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The wetlands on the property are neighboring, and therefore adjacent, to South Lake which is a navigable water of the United States subject to the ebb and flow of the daily tide. As such, these adjacent wetlands are subject to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers jurisdiction under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

Lat	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
₿	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA F	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Freeport, TX U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Associated Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Topographs (Survey 15 Minute Topographs (Survey 15 Minute Topographs (Notes) (Survey 15 Minute Topographs (Notes) (Notes) (Survey 15 Minute Topographs (Notes) (Notes) (Notes) (Survey 15 Minute Topographs (Notes) (

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: SWG-06-05-001

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: **Texas**

Offshore (Galveston Co.) County:

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29-08-30.522N, 94-47-52.143W 29-10-45.756N, 94-44-47.674W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands:

Name of nearest waterway: Gul of Mexico

Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 9 Jan 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Recliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wedlands.

 (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Gulf of Mexico is a navigable water of the U.S.

FILE NUMBER: SWG-06-05-001

Cordinary High Water Mark indicated by: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank Diameter of soil D
Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ■ survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Galveston, Texas U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RC

FILE NUMBER: D-17450

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: **Texas** County: Austin

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29° 48′ 20"N, 96° 11′ 56"W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: Unknown

Name of nearest waterway: Bullinger Creek Name of watershed: **Bullinger Creek**

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 10 Jan 06

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\infty\) there appear to be (or) \(\subseteq\) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

Harre are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

4

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands.
 (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The infrared photo appears to contain Bullinger Creek within the project boundaries. Bullinger Creek is considered a water of the United States. Also, the project site appears to contain wetland areas that meet the three criteria (hydrology, hydric soils, and hydrophytic vegetation) of a wetland as outlined in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual, and could be adjacent wetlands to Bullinger Creek.

	Cordinary High Water Mark indicated by:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
2	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: Coastal Surveying of Texas
Bas 阿	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA R	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Sealy, TX U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 17.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 18.1 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 19.1 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Surve

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RC

FILE NUMBER: D-17542

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: **Texas** County: Brazoria

29° 21' 46"N, 95° 24' 53"W Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: Unknown

Name of nearest waterway: Austin Bayou Name of watershed: Austin Bayou

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Date: 11 January 2006 Site visit(s) Date(s): 11 January 2006

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

■ There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.68 acres.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (2) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: There are not any waters of the U.S. subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act within the proposed project area.

	ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
Œ	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
38	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and
	retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Rosharon, TX U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Autural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Brazoria County, TX National wetlands inventory maps: Rosharon, TX State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Panel: 48039C0275 H (June 5, 1989) 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Rosharon, TX DOQQ - 1995 Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: 11 January 2006 Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston **FILE NUMBER:** 04850(01)

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Nueces

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 27.84N / 97.52W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Corpus Christi Ship Channel

Name of watershed: Lower Nueces

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Date: 18 Jan 2006

Site visit(s) Date(s): 18 Jan 2006

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 04850(01)

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank
×	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ⊠ survey to available datum; □ physical markings; □ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:Other (explain):
DATA F	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): GLO 2002 Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: 18 Jan 2006 Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-18003

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Galveston

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29 10' 33"N, 95 06' 14"W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 10.14- acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Gulf Intracoastal Waterway

Name of watershed: West Galveston Bay

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Date: 20 Jan 2006 Site visit(s) Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

鐵	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the
	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

III There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wettands.

 (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

 (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

 (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The project are does not contain any waters of the United States. As such, a Department of the Army permit is not required to discharge dredged or fill material within the project boundaries.

Lat	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ clear, natural line impressed on the bank ☐ the presence of litter and debris ☐ changes in the character of soil ☐ destruction of terrestrial vegetation ☐ shelving ☐ other: ☐ tide Line indicated by: ☐ oil or scum line along shore objects ☐ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) ☐ physical markings/characteristics ☐ tidal gages ☐ other:
2	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
79	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas Marie Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
Inc.	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. □ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated 17 Oct 2005, prepared by: Belaire Environmental Services, □ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated 17 Oct 2005, prepared by: Belaire Environmental Services, □ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated 17 Oct 2005, prepared by: Belaire Environmental Services, □ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated 17 Oct 2005, prepared by: Belaire Environmental Services, □ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated 17 Oct 2005, prepared by: Belaire Environmental Services, □ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated 17 Oct 2005, prepared by: Belaire Environmental Services, □ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated 17 Oct 2005, prepared by: Belaire Environmental Services, □ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated 17 Oct 2005, prepared by: Belaire Environmental Services, □ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated 17 Oct 2005, prepared by: Belaire Environmental Services, □ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated 17 Oct 2005, prepared by: Belaire Environmental Services, □ This office does not concur with the delineation tepotics. □ This office does not belair Environmental Services, □ This office does not concur with the delineation Environmental Services, □ This office does not concur with the delineation Environmental Potental Potental Potental Poten
area.	

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-18056

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Brazoria

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29 34' 55"N, 95 24' 02"W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: <1 acre.

Name of nearest waterway: Clear Creek Name of watershed: West Galveston Bay

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Date: 25 Jan 2006

Site visit(s) Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The wetlands are bordering, and therefore adjacent to Clear Creek. Clear Creek is a navigable water of the United States subject to the ebb and flow of the daily tide in its lower reaches. As such, the adjacent wetlands and the portion of Clear Creek within the project boundaries are subject to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers jurisdiction Under section 404 of the CLean Water Act.

	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: I clear, natural line impressed on the bank I changes in the character of soil I destruction of terrestrial vegetation I shelving Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: I High Tide Line indicated by: Oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics i tidal gages other:
8	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
X	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA F	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. ☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated October 2005, prepared by (company): ☐ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston **FILE NUMBER:** D-18188

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Aransas

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 27.95N / 97.10W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.01 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Aransas Bay Name of watershed: Aransas Bay

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 31 Jan 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.01 Acres.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

		2		
				FILE NUMBER:
	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: Ordinary High Water Mark	essed on the bank nd debris er of soil	nd 329) High Tide Line indicated oil or scum line alor fine shell or debris o physical markings/c tidal gages other:	ng shore objects deposits (foreshore)
Ø	Mean High Water Mark ind ⊠ survey to available datus	cated by: n;	getation lines/changes in vego	etation types.
2	Wetland boundaries, as sho	wn on the attached wetland delir	neation map and/or in a deline	ation report prepared by:
Bas	Headquarters declined to ap The Corps has made a case- United States: Waste treatment sys Artificially irrigated Artificial lakes and retain water and whi rice growing. Artificial reflecting by excavating and/o Water-filled depress the purpose of obtai abandoned and the r 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate w Prior converted crop		f 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). following waters present on the or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CF land if the irrigation ceased. For diking dry land to collect a purposes as stock watering, it leads to construction activity and and until the construction or executed to the commerce. The commerce is all Resources Conservation S	FR part 328.3. and rrigation, settling basins, or created s. pits excavated in dry land for acavation operation is nited States found at 33 CFR
DATA NEW MARKET STATE OF THE PARK NEW MARK N	Maps, plans, plots or plat su Data sheets prepared/submi This office concurs wit This office does not con Data sheets prepared by the Corps' navigable waters' st U.S. Geological Survey Hy U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 U.S. Geological Survey 15	Idies: Idrologic Atlas: Idrologic Atlas: Minute Topographic maps: Minute Historic quadrangles: Maps: Maps: Maps: Maps: Maps: Minute & Date): Minute Mi	pplicant. cant. , prepared by (company): dated , prepared by (con	

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-18224

PR	O	JE	CT	I	O	C	Δ,	Т	T	7	N	T	N	F	n	R	М	Δ	T	n	N	

State: Texas

County: Houston, Trinity, Polk

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): See Attached Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 100 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: See Attached Name of watershed: Attached

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s) Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Date: 6 February 2006

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 25 acres.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

	ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
翻	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas S	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
\boxtimes	EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

Site	Easting	Northing	Waterbody
1	271742	3454004	Trib to Gail Creek
2	273281	3451660	Adjacent to Gail Creek
3	273175	3451662	Trib to Dickey Creek
4	273252	3451538	Trib to Dickey Creek
5	273407	3451349	Dickey Creek
6	273485	3451286	Trib to Dickey Creek
7	273614	3451129	Trib to Dickey Creek
8	273949	3450691	Trib to Dickey Creek
9	275962	3449465	Adjacent to Dickey Creek
10	275088	3449456	Trib to White Rock Creek
11	275086	3449372	Trib to White Rock Creek
12	275398	3449058	White Rock Creek
13	275631	3448837	Trib to White Rock Creek
14	275684	3448805	Trib to White Rock Creek
15	275682	3448743	Trib to White Rock Creek
16	276510	3447771	Trib to White Rock Creek
17	277368	3446982	Trib to Cedar Creek
18	278195	3445979	Cedar Creek
19	278557	3445571	Trib to Cedar Creek
20	279696	3444253	Trib to Little White Rock Creek
21	280106	3443597	Trib to Little White Rock Creek
22	280667	3442507	Little White Rock Creek
23	281898	3441773	Trib to Little White Rock Creek
24	282260	3441335	Trib to Little White Rock Creek
25	282337	3441210	Trib to Little White Rock Creek
26	283322	3440111	Trib to Little White Rock Creek
27	284048	3439295	Trib to Little White Rock Creek
28	284177	3439139	Trib to Little White Rock Creek
29	285604	3437569	Trib to Caney Creek
30	286171	3436757	Trib to Caney Creek
31	287808	3435030	Caney Creek
32	288093	3434685	Trib to Caney Creek
33	288300	3434434	Trib to Caney Creek
34	288611	3434058	Trib to Caney Creek
35	289106	3433586	White Oak Creek
36	289182	3433431	Trib to White Oak Creek
37	289727	3432804	Trib to Caney Creek
38	289754	3432834	Trib to Caney Creek
39	289831	3432709	Trib to Caney Creek
40	290246	3432208	Trib to Fountain Creek
41	290635	3431769	Trib to Fountain Creek
42	290765	3431644	Trib to Fountain Creek
43	291285	3431048	Trib to Fountain Creek
44	291623	3430703	Trib to Fountain Creek

Site	Easting	Northing	Waterbody
45	292838	3429077	Fountain Creek
46	292917	3429044	Trib to Fountain Creek
47	292916	3428983	Trib to Fountain Creek
48	293251	3428453	Magnolia Creek
49	294112	3427666	Trib to Magnolia Creek
50	296787	3424595	Trib to Magnolia Creek
51	297021	3424314	Trib to Magnolia Creek
52	297358	3423907	Trib to Magnolia Creek
53	297983	3423217	Trib to Magnolia Creek
54	298478	3422715	Trib to Magnolia Creek
55	298529	3422621	Trib to Magnolia Creek
56	298735	3422279	Trib to Magnolia Creek
57	299360	3421589	Trib to Kickapoo Creek
58	299358	3421528	Trib to Kickapoo Creek
59	300062	3420806	Trib to Kickapoo Creek
60	300607	3420118	Trib to Kickapoo Creek
61	300580	3420088	Kickapoo Creek
62	301231	3419398	Trib to Kickapoo Creek
63	301780	3418926	Trib to Kickapoo Creek
64	301858	3418832	Trib to Kickapoo Creek
65	302198	3418517	Trib to Kickapoo Creek
66	302222	3418424	Trib to Kickapoo Creek
67	302508	3418080	Trib to Kickapoo Creek
68	303393	3417047	Rocky Creek
69	303652	3416704	Trib to Rocky Creek
70	304121	3416202	Trib to Rocky Creek
71	304225	3416077	Trib to Rocky Creek
72	304407	3415858	Trib to Rocky Creek
73	304772	3415451	Trib to Rocky Creek
74	304798	3415420	Trib to Rocky Creek
75	305006	3415170	Trib to Rocky Creek
76	305084	3415076	Trib to Rocky Creek
77	305110	3415075	Trib to Rocky Creek
78	305682	3414387	Trib to Sandy Creek
79	306099	3413918	Sandy Creek
80	306803	3413135	Trib to Sandy Creek
81	307193	3412696	Adjacent to Sandy Creek
82	307272	3412633	Trib to Sandy Creek
83	308027	3411727	Adjacent to Sandy Creek
84	308124	3411232	Manton Creek
85	308625	3410977	Trib to Manton Creek
86	309486	3410068	Trib to Manton Creek
87	310086	3409410	Trib to Plum Creek
88	310322	3409221	Trib to Plum Creek

Site	Easting	Northing	Waterbody
89	310476	3408941	Trib to Plum Creek
90	310841	3408504	Trib to Plum Creek
91	310893	3408472	Trib to Plum Creek
92	311154	3408190	Adjacent to Plum Creek
93	311306	3407725	Trib to Plum Creek
94	311300	3407418	Trib to Long King Creek
95	311175	3406342	Trib to Long King Creek
96	311115	3405973	Trib to Long King Creek
97	311056	3405666	Trib to Long King Creek
98	310841	3404007	Trib to Long King Creek
99	311155	3403724	Trib to Long King Creek
100	311259	3403568	Trib to Long King Creek
101	311215	3402583	Trib to Long King Creek
102	311258	3401997	Trib to Long King Creek
103	311329	3401503	Trib to Long King Creek
104	311195	3401444	Trib to Long King Creek
105	311077	3397780	Trib to Long King Creek
106	311436	3393955	Trib to Long King Creek
107	311514	3393861	Trib to Long King Creek
108	311646	3393797	Long King Creek
109	311776	3393610	Adjacent to Long King Creek
110	312300	3393108	Trib to Long King Creek
111	312929	3392543	Trib to Long King Creek
112	313001	3392079	Trib to Long King Creek
113	313171	3391152	Trib to Long King Creek
114	313224	3391121	Trib to Long King Creek
115	313223	3391090	Trib to Long King Creek
116	313197	3391090	Adjacent to Long King Creek
117	313298	3390781	Adjacent to Long King Creek
118	313270	3390689	Trib to Long King Creek
119	313323	3390657	Adjacent to Long King Creek
120	313295	3390627	Trib to Long King Creek
121	313320	3390503	Adjacent to Long King Creek
122	313290	3390319	Trib to Long King Creek
123	313118	3389613	Morgan Creek
124	313171	3389612	Adjacent to Morgan Creek
125	313358	3388100	Sanson Creek
126	313331	3388069	Trib to Sanson Creek
127	313488	3387913	Trib to Sanson Creek
128	313647	3387879	Trib to Sanson Creek
129	313989	3387627	Trib to Sanson Creek

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: SWG-06-14-006

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Tyler

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Lat: 30.40.16 Long: 94.22.25

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.5 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Big Branch & Theuvinins Creek

Name of watershed: Trintiy River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Date: 6 February 2006

Site visit(s) Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Big Branch and Theuvinins Creek are named water ways on the USGS map.

FILE NUMBER: SWG-06-14-006

	ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas Silver	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA R	EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Kirkpatrick Lake U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 17 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 18 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 19 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 10 Minute Historic quadra

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** SWG-06-14-007

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Tyler

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Lat: 30.40.39 Long: 94.21.00

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.5 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Turkey Creek Name of watershed: Trintiy River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Date: 6 February 2006

Site visit(s) Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Turkey Creek are named water ways on the USGS map.

FILE NUMBER: SWG-06-14-006

	ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
8	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Kirkpatrick Lake U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** D-18106

PROJI	ECT LOCA	TION IN	FORMATION:				
St	ate:	Texas					
Co	ounty:	Fort Bend	d County				
Ce	Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29° 21' 08" N, 95° 55' 28" W						
Aj	oproximate s	ize of area	a (parcel) reviewed	, including	g uplands: 0.30 acres.		
N	ame of neare	st waterw	ay: Snake Creek				
Na	ame of water	shed:	Huc Code: 120904	401 San B	ernard River		
JURIS	DICTIONA	L DETE	RMINATION				
C	ompleted:	Desktop o	determination	\boxtimes	Date: 6 February 2006		
		Site visit(\boxtimes	Date(s):		
				Manual .			
Ju	risdictional	Determi	nation (JD):				
	United St	ates" and/			n, ☐ there appear to be (or) ☐ there appear to be no "waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable		
×		I JD – An that apply		appealable	e action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).		
			gable waters of the Approximate size		rates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within tional area:		
			ers of the United St proximate size of ju		defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the al area: 0.30 acre.		
	There	are "isolo			nte waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. NCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No.		
RASIS	OF HIRIS	DICTION	AL DETERMIN	ATION:			
					avigable waters of the United States":		
Û	The prese	nce of wa	ters that are subject	t to the ebl	b and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in out interstate or foreign commerce.		
В.	Waters d	afinad un	der 33 CED nart	328 3(a) a	s "waters of the United States":		
Ĺ					used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in		
					ters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.		
8					nterstate wetlands ¹ .		
					te lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,		
					et meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or		
					merce including any such waters (check all that apply):		
					or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.		
					I be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.		
					al purposes by industries in interstate commerce.		
**					as waters of the US.		
×	(5) The n				ied in (1) – (4) above.		
Ê			territorial seas.	Identii	(.) (1) 40010.		
		resence of	wetlands adjacent	2 to other v	waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.		
	•		•		-		

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Snake Creek is a tributary to the San Bernard River which is a navigable water of the United States.

FILE NUMBER: D-18106

Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. П Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. , prepared by (company): This office concurs with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps.
Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Boling, Texas Quadrangle
U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:
U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Boling Texas Quadrangle State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.



Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: SWG FILE NUMBER: SWG-06-39-001

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: TX

County: Montgomery

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 30 deg 09' 59"N 95 deg 11' 33" W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1,052 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: unnamed tributary of Caney Creek

Name of watershed: E. Fork of San Jacinto River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 6 Feb 2006 Date(s): 19 Oct 2005

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Unnamed tributary flows into Caney Creek a navigable tributary of the E. Fork of the San Jacinto River which is also navigable. The applicant's wetland delineation report documents presence of unnamed tributary, adjacent wetlands and isolated wetlands (reference SWG delineation verification D-17444)

FILE NUMBER: SWG-06-39-001

	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation other: other: wetland delineation report documents presence of OHWM (verification D-17444).
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
X	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: SWCA (reference SWG delineation verification D-17444)
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): Based on D-17444, site contains approx 16.7 acres of isolated
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated 6 Jan 2006, prepared by (company): SWCA This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Splendora U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 17 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 18 Minute Historic quadran

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-18162

CT LOCATION INFORMATION:								
te: Texas								
unty: Calhoun								
nter coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): LAT 96° 37' 44"; LON 28° 36' 57" NAD 27								
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 12,95 acres.								
me of nearest waterway: Lynn's Bayou								
me of watershed: Lavaca Bay - 12100402								
NOTIONAL DEPENDANCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO								
DICTIONAL DETERMINATION								
mpleted: Desktop determination Date: 7 Feb 06 Site visit(s) Date(s):								
Site visit(s) Date(s):								
risdictional Determination (JD):								
Preliminary ID - Record on available information there appear to be (or) there appear to be see "western of the								
Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).								
Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:								
★ There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:								
There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:								
There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.								
OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:								
Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":								
The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in								
the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.								
and past, of may be susceptible for use to manaport interstate of foreign commerce.								
Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":								
(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in								
interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.								
(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands ¹ .								
(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,								
sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or								
destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):								
(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.								
(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.								
(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.								
(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.								
(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.								
(6) The presence of territorial seas.								
(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent ² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.								

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Lynn's Bayou is contiguous with Lavaca Bay, which is a navigable water of the United States.

FILE NUMBER: 18162

	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
2	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
3	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Ba:	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA I	This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: Galveston District Navigable Waters list U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Point Comfort, Port Lavaca East, Port Lavaca West, Kamey NWI (1992 photos) State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Local floodplain admin letter; FIRM map 4800990001B-4B 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on:
	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Point Comfort, Port Lavaca East, Port Lavaca West, Kamey NWI (1992 photos) State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Local floodplain admin letter; FIRM map 4800990001B-4B 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date):
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 24083

	CT LOCATION INF	ORMATION:	
Stat			
Cer App Nar	ne of nearest waterwa	(parcel) reviewed, includi	
Ivai	ne of watershed.	Last Galveston Day True.	12040202
	ICTIONAL DETER npleted: Desktop de Site visit(s	etermination 🔀	Date: 7 February 2006 Date(s):
Jur	isdictional Determin	ation (JD):	
		r "navigable waters of the	on, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
×	Approved JD – An a Check all that apply:		ple action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
		able waters of the United Approximate size of jurisd	States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within ictional area:
	★ There are "water reviewed area. Appropriate the content of the content	s of the United States" (a roximate size of jurisdiction	s defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the onal area:
			state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. ANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No.
BASIS (OF JURISDICTION	AL DETERMINATION	
A.	Waters defined und The presence of water	ler 33 CFR part 329 as "ers that are subject to the e	havigable waters of the United States": bb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in port interstate or foreign commerce.
В.	Waters defined und	ler 33 CFR part 328.3(a)	as "waters of the United States":
	interstate or foreign	waters, which are currently commerce, including all w interstate waters including	y used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in vaters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	(3) The presence of c sandflats, wetlands, destruction of which (i) which are or (ii) from which	other waters such as intras sloughs, prairie potholes, could affect interstate cor could be used by interstat fish or shellfish are or cou	tate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or namerce including any such waters (check all that apply): e or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. Ild be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. rial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
	(4) Impoundments o(5) The presence of a(6) The presence of the prese	f waters otherwise defined a tributary to a water ident territorial seas.	as waters of the US.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Wetlands are subject to the ebb and flow of the daily tide of Rollover Bay, a navigable water of the United States. A Jurisdictional Determination (D-17459) was issued by letter dated 14 October 2005.

FILE NUMBER: 24083

	ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA I	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Frozen Point, Texas U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Antural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify): A wetland delineation has been submitted to the Compliance Section for ion.

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: 24069/D-18174

FILE NUMBER:

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Trinity

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 30.9440 N / 95.3131 W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.003 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Lake Livingston Trinity River Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Date: 7 February 2006 Site visit(s) Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

Marchard There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.003acre.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

 (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 24069/D-18174

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other: □ High Tide Line indicated by: □ oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics □ tidal gages other:
×	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ⊠ survey to available datum; □ physical markings; □ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Basi	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Trinity East, TX U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Autural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

^TWetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** 24054

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State: Texas

County: Polk

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Lat: 30.48.03 Long: 95.04.28

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.046 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Lake Livingston Name of watershed: Trinity River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

 \boxtimes

Date: 7 February 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- [11] (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 24054

(material and	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: □ other: □ High Tide Line indicated by: □ oil or scum line along shore objects □ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics □ tidal gages other:
3	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:Other (explain):
	EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Onalaska U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Actual Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 23573(01)

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Galveston

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Project Location: 29 10' 53"N, 94 58' 19"W (NAD 27); Borrow

Area Location: 29 15' 10"N, 94 53' 49"W (NAD 27)

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 75 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Project Location: Gulf of Mexico; Borrow Area: West Galveston Bay

Name of watershed: West Galveston Bay

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

 \boxtimes

Date: 08 February 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: acres.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: acres.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Portions of the project area appear to be below the Annual and Mean High Tide Line of the Gulf of Mexico, a navigable (and interstate) water of the United States. Within the proposed borrow area there appear to be wetlands that are neighboring (located in close proximity) to West Bay, a navigable water of the United States. Therefore, these wetlands are adjacent to West Bay.

FILE NUMBER: 23573(01) Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: application plans, aerial photograph other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☒ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: \Box Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. , prepared by (company): This office concurs with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: 1994 Lake Como; 1995 Virginia Point U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: 1988 Galveston County National wetlands inventory maps: Virginia Point (digital--based on 1992 aerial photography) State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Galveston County FEMA Q3 data (digital--1996 or 1998) 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): TxGLO Galveston March 2003; USDA Galveston Co. Soil Survey Photo 1976 Other photographs (Date): Undated aerial photographs submitted with application Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify): CESWG Permit 23573

barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

^TWetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District

FILE NUMBER: 24090

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: San Jacinto

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 30.8677 N / 95.3141 W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.22 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Lake Livingston Name of watershed: Trirnity River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 8 February 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\simega\) there appear to be (or) \(\simega\) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

Marker There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.22 acre.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 24090

La ■	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank
×	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ⊠ survey to available datum; □ physical markings; □ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
23	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Ba	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA NAME OF THE PARTY OF THE P	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Staley, Texas U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Datural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify): Inland ES/TS Inventory Maps - THC Arch. Atlas

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** SWG-06-07-007

PROJE	CT LOCATION INFORMATION:								
Stat	te: Texas								
Cou	inty: Waller								
Cen	nter coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Latitude 29 47' 13"N; Longitude 95° 54' 01"W (NAD 27)								
App	proximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.01 acres.								
Nar	ne of nearest waterway: Willow Fork of Buffalo Bayou								
Nar	ne of watershed: Buffalo-San Jacinto Huc: 12040104								
JURISD	DICTIONAL DETERMINATION								
Coi	mpleted: Desktop determination								
	Site visit(s) Date(s):								
Jur	isdictional Determination (JD):								
	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the or the								
	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable								
	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).								
\boxtimes	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).								
	Check all that apply:								
	There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within								
	the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:								
	There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the								
	reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:								
	There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.								
	Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of N Jurisdiction.								
	Jurisdiction.								
DACIC (OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:								
	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":								
ä	The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in								
	the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.								
	the past, of may be susceptible for use to transport interstate of foleigh commerce.								
В.	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":								
	(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in								
-	interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.								
	(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands.								
Ħ	(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,								
-	sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or								
	destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):								
	(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.								
	(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.								
	(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.								
	(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.								
×	(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.								
	(6) The presence of territorial seas.								
	(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent ² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetland								

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The Willow Fork of Buffalo Bayou is a surface tributary system to a navigable water as as such, is subject of jurisdiction under Section 404.

FILE NUMBER: SWG-06-07-007 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects clear, natural line impressed on the bank fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages other: shelving \boxtimes other: Applicants Drawings Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. , prepared by (company): ☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Brookshire, Texas U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:
Other information (please specify): Jurisdictional delineation for the proposed outfall structure location has been submitted for verification by our Compliance Section. Additionally, under D-17704 there was a jurisdictional determination done by letter dated 5 December 2005 for the entire site.

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District **FILE NUMBER:** D-14985 site 7

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Goliad

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 28-41-32.52 97-14-22.04; 28-41-40.40 97-14-3.49

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: approximately 6 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Payton Branch Name of watershed: Guadalupe River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 9 February 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, ___ there appear to be (or) ___ there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: D-14985 site 7 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects
fine shell or debris denosits (foresho clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Fannin U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Fannin State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District FILE NUMBER: D-14985 site 6

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Goliad

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 28-52-18.23 97-26-29.32 Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: approximately 5 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Eighteenmile Creek Name of watershed: Guadalupe River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 9 February 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no" waters of the appear t
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: D-14985 site 6 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: П other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. \boxtimes Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. П Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. , prepared by (company): ☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Weesatche U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Weesatche State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District

FILE NUMBER: D-14985 site 5

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas Goliad

County: Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

28-52-29.65 97-26-32.84

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: approximately 2 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Eighteenmile Creek Name of watershed: Guadalupe River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Date: 9 February 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Site visit(s)

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no" waters of the appear to be no" waters of the appear to be no "waters of the appear t United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- [11] (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate waters from (including intermittent streams), mudflats, (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

	FILE NUMBER: D-14985 site 5
	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: in shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Base State of the	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:Other (explain):
DATA	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Weesatche U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District **FILE NUMBER:** D-14985 site 4

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Goliad

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

28-50-52.55 97-27-5.65; 28-50-50.57 97-26-34.32; 28-52-8.53 97-

26-33.15

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: approximately 1 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Eighteenmile Creek Name of watershed: Guadalupe River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Da

Date: 9 February 2006

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Date(s):

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: approximately 0.3 acre.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Jurisdiction.

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Eighteenmile Creek is a tributary of the Guadalupe River, which is a navigable river in the Galveston District.

			FILE NUMBER:	D-14985 site 4
	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 32			
9 m	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:	High	h Tide Line indicated by:	
	clear, natural line impressed on the bank		oil or scum line along shore object	
	the presence of litter and debris		fine shell or debris deposits (fores	
	changes in the character of soil	<u></u>	physical markings/characteristics	
	destruction of terrestrial vegetation		tidal gages	
	shelving		other:	
	other:			
23	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐	vegetation	lines/changes in vegetation types.	
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland d	delineation n	nap and/or in a delineation report p	repared by:
Bas	sis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:			
100	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.			
	Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part	t 328(a)(1, 2	. or 4-7).	
XX	Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the bas			
a	The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the			Waters of the
Samurina	United States:			
	Waste treatment systems, including treatment por	nds or lagoo	ons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.	
	Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to			
	Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating	and/or dikin	ng dry land to collect and	
	retain water and which are used exclusively for s	such purpose	es as stock watering, irrigation, sett	ling basins, or
	rice growing.			
	Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other s			
	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain wa			
	Water-filled depressions created in dry land incid			
	the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unle			
	abandoned and the resulting body of water meets	the definiti	on of waters of the United States for	ound at 33 CFR
	328.3(a).			
	Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to inter			in motionals.
	Prior converted cropland, as determined by the N	vaturai Neso	dices Conservation Service. Explai	ii rationale.
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated	d on dry lan	d. Explain rationale:	
	Other (explain):			
	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINA			
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of th			
	Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the ap			
	This office concurs with the delineation report, dated		epared by (company):	
200005	This office does not concur with the delineation repo	ort, dated	, prepared by (company):	
100	Data sheets prepared by the Corps.			
2003	Corps' navigable waters' studies:			
	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:	Waagataha		
<u>X</u>	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: V			
Seconds.	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:			
253	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Sur			
574	National wetlands inventory maps: Weesatche	vcy.		
2004 2004 2004	State/Local wetland inventory maps:			
5.00 13.00	FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):			
	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)			
173	Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):			
200	Other photographs (Date):			
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:			
76/4-24/00. 2010/239 21/4/23	Site visit/determination conducted on:			
37503 37503 37503	Applicable/supporting case law:			
23	Other information (please specify):			

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District **FILE NUMBER:** D-14985 site 3

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PК	. ,								,,,	- 11	4 6	.,	ĸ	IVI	$\boldsymbol{\mu}$			

State: Texas County: Goliad

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 28-43-54.63 97-36-22.86; 28-43-57.73 97-36-8.08; 28-43-52.70 97-

35-53.40

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: approx. 15 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Charco Creek Name of watershed: San Antonio River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 9 February 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

	FILE NUMBER: D-14985 site
Lat	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
2	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	 □ Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: □ Other (explain):
DATA I	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Charco U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Actual Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Charco State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District FILE NUMBER: D-14985 site 2

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas Goliad County:

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 28-43-54.29 97-35-49.69 Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: approx. 1 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Charco Creek San Antonio River Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 9 February 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

Machine There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: approximately 0.1 acre.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- [1] (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wettands.

 (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Portion of project will be trenched through Charco Creek, a tributary of the San Antonio River, a navigable waterway in the Galveston District

			FILE NUMBER:	D-14985 site 2
eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:		th Tide Line oil or scur fine shell physical n	n line along shore obje or debris deposits (fore narkings/characteristics	shore)
Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐	vegetation	lines/chang	es in vegetation types.	
Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland de	lineation i	map and/or i	n a delineation report p	orepared by:
Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment pone Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to a Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating an retain water and which are used exclusively for sur rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other sn by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water Water-filled depressions created in dry land incide the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless abandoned and the resulting body of water meets t 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to inters	of 33 CF e following ds or lagor upland if t and/or diking the purpose and ornamer for primental to con- s and until the definition	R part 328.3 g waters presons, pursuan he irrigation and dry land the as as stock when the struction action of waters herce.	to 33 CFR part 328.3 ceased. o collect and vatering, irrigation, sett of water created tic reasons. ctivity and pits excavate tion or excavation opes of the United States for	ling basins, or ed in dry land for eration is ound at 33 CFR
Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated Other (explain):	on dry lan	d. Explain	rationale:	
EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINAT Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the appi This office concurs with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation repor Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Cl U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Surventational wetlands inventory maps: Charco State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on:	applicant licant. , pro t, dated	epared by (c	ompany):	
	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation of the stream of the confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2 that the confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2 that the confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2 that the confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2 that the confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2 that the confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2 that the confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2 that the confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2 that the confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2 that the confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2 that the confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2 that the confirm the presence of waters in cluding treatment ponds or lago Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for prime water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to confirm the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definit 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate comme Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Rescues of the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definit 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate comme Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Rescues prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIO	clear, natural line impressed on the bank	ral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District **FILE NUMBER:** D-14985 site 1

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Goliad

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 28-44-40.53 97-37.28 28-44-38.87 97-36-59.15

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: approx. 4 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Charco Creek Name of watershed: San Antonio River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 9 February 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

	FILE NUMBER:	D-14985 site 1
eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 32 Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:	High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objec	
Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐	vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.	
Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland d	delineation map and/or in a delineation report pr	epared by:
The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the bas The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment po Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating retain water and which are used exclusively for some rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other some by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unlead abandoned and the resulting body of water meets 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstance in the purpose of obtaining fill.	is of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). he following waters present on the site are not Vends or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. To upland if the irrigation ceased. and/or diking dry land to collect and such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settlemental or primarily aesthetic reasons. It is dental to construction activity and pits excavated as and until the construction or excavation opers the definition of waters of the United States for state commerce.	ing basins, or d in dry land for ration is und at 33 CFR
Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated Other (explain):	d on dry land. Explain rationale:	
Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the ap This office concurs with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Anatural Resources Conservation Service Soil Sur National wetlands inventory maps: Charco State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on:	ne applicant. pplicant. d , prepared by (company): ort, dated , prepared by (company): Charco ::	
	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland of the survey to available datum; physical markings; Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland of the survey to available datum; physical markings; Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland of the survey to available datum; physical markings; Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland of the survey to available datum; physical markings; Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland of the survey to available datum; physical markings; Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland on the bast The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment por Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating retain water and which are used exclusively for surice growing. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating retain water and which are used exclusively for surice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain with water-filled depressions created in dry land incite the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unleads abandoned and the resulting body of water meets 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interprivate or physical survey on behalf of the prior converted cropland, as determined by the Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavate Other (explain): REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINA Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the policy and the plate of	clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil shelving behaving the changes in the character of soil changes in the character of soil characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving behaving other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 23574(01)

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATI	ION:
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State: TEXAS County: MATAGORDA

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM (NAD 27) Z 15, 210212E, 3173661N

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.01 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: COLORADO RIVER

Name of watershed: 12090302

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Date: 9 February 2006
Site visit(s) Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no" waters of the limit of the appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no" waters of the appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no" waters of the appear to be no "waters of
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

- Approved JD An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:
 - There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
 - There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
 - There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

 Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: THE COLORADO RIVER IS A NATURAL TRIBUTARY SUBJECT TO THE EBB AND FLOW OF TIDE AND HAS A DIRECT SURFACE CONNECTION TO THE GULF OF MEXICO.

FILE NUMBER: 23574(01) Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)

لقا		High Tide Line indicated by:
	clear, natural line impressed on the bank	oil or scum line along shore objects
	the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil	fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)
	destruction of terrestrial vegetation	physical markings/characteristics
	shelving	☐ tidal gages ☐ other: AS STATED BY APPLICANT
	other:	Oulei. AS STATED BT AFFEICANT
	ouler.	
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:	
	☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegeta	tion lines/changes in vegetation types.
	_ , , , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ ,	71
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineati	on map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
_		
	asis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:	
<u>81</u> <u>55</u> 51	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.	1.2 4.7
533	Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(
	Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the follow	
Mich	United States:	ving waters present on the site are not waters of the
	Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or la	agoons nursuant to 33 CFR part 328 3
	Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland	
	Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or d	
	retain water and which are used exclusively for such pur	
	rice growing.	3, 2, 2, 3
	Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small or	namental bodies of water created
	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for p	
	■ Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to	
	the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and u	
	abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the defi	nition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR
	328.3(a).	
	Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate co	
	Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural R	esources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non tidal desirana an imination disabas assessment on des	land Francis astionals.
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry Other (explain):	land. Explain rationale:
	Guier (explain).	
DATA R	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (I	nark all that apply):
×	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applic	ant.
E %	Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.	
		prepared by (company):
	☐ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated	, prepared by (company):
50	Data sheets prepared by the Corps.	
23	Corps' navigable waters' studies:	
	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:	
	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: MATAG	ORDA, TX
88	U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:	
48	National wetlands inventory maps:	
	State/Local wetland inventory maps:	
	FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):	
	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)	
	Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):	
	Other photographs (Date):	
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:	
8		
	Other information (please specify):	

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.



¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 20425(03)

PROJECT LO	CATION IN	FORMATION:
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State: TEXAS County: BRAZORIA

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM (NAD 27) Z 15, 273905E, 3203536N

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 32 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: OLD BRAZOS RIVER

Name of watershed: 12040205

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Date: 9 February 2006

Site visit(s) Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

18	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the
	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: THE OLD BRAZOS RIVER IS A NATURAL TRIBUTARY SUBJECT TO THE EBB AND FLOW OF TIDE AND HAS A DIRECT SURFACE CONNECTION TO THE GULF OF MEXICO.

FILE NUMBER: 20425(03)

	Cordinary High Water Mark indicated by:
3	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
×	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: FREEPORT, TX U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 17.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 18 Minute Histo



Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 24085

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: State: **TEXAS** County: **CALHOUN** Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM (NAD 27) Z 14, 733439E, 3170154N Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.05 acres. Name of nearest waterway: LAVACA BAY Name of watershed: 12100402 **JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION** Completed: Desktop determination Date: 9 February 2006 Site visit(s) Date(s): Jurisdictional Determination (JD): Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply: Marchanter There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. **1**3 Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction. **BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:** Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹. (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or

destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: LAVACA BAY IS A NATURAL BAY, PART OF THE MATAGORDA BAY SYSTEM AND HAS A DIRECT SURFACE CONNECTION TO THE GULF OF MEXICO.

FILE NUMBER: 24085

	The Newbern 21005
	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: I clear, natural line impressed on the bank I oil or scum line along shore objects
	the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)
	changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics
	destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages
	☐ shelving ☐ other: AS STATED BY APPLICANT ☐ other:
	oulet.
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:
	☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
E	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
D	de Franklink Assessed - Total North
20000	sis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.
	Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).
T	Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).
	The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the
	United States:
	Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.
	Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and
	retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or
	rice growing.
	Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created
	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.
	Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is
	abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR
	328.3(a).
	Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.
	Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
	Other (explain):
	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):
⊠	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
	Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
	This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
15	Data sheets prepared by the Corps.
	Corps' navigable waters' studies:
	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:
	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: POINT COMFORT, TEXAS U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:
	U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:
	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:
	National wetlands inventory maps:
111	State/Local wetland inventory maps:
	FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):
	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):
Ħ	Other photographs (Date):
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:
3	Site visit/determination conducted on:
	Applicable/supporting case law:
	Other information (please specify):



¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 23968

PROJECT LO	CATION INFORMATION:
State:	TEXAS
County:	CALHOUN

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM (NAD 27) Z 14, 733764E, 3170378N

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.16 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: LAVACA BAY

Name of watershed: 12100402

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination
Site visit(s)

Date: 9 February 2006
Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no "waters of the or "waters" of "
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

- Approved JD An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:
 - There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
 - There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
 - There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

 Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: LAVACA BAY IS A NATURAL BAY, PART OF THE MATAGORDA BAY SYSTEM AND HAS A DIRECT SURFACE CONNECTION TO THE GULF OF MEXICO.

FILE NUMBER: 23968

	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 32	
Ц	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:	High Tide Line indicated by:
	clear, natural line impressed on the bank	oil or scum line along shore objects
	the presence of litter and debris	fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)
	changes in the character of soil	physical markings/characteristics
	destruction of terrestrial vegetation	tidal gages
	shelving	other: AS STATED BY APPLICANT
	other:	
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:	
	☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐	vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
a	Walandham la translation and a small distributed to	11
	wetland boundaries, as snown on the attached wetland d	elineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
	sis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:	
	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.	
	Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part	
<u>10</u>	Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the bas	
£88	The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the United States:	e following waters present on the site are not Waters of the
	<u></u>	de en lancona municipat to 22 CED next 220 2
	Waste treatment systems, including treatment por Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to	
	Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating a	
		ich purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or
	rice growing.	ten purposes as stock watering, irrigation, setting outins, or
	Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other s	mall ornamental bodies of water created
	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain wa	
		ental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for
		ss and until the construction or excavation operation is
		the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR
	328.3(a).	
	Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to inter	state commerce.
	Prior converted cropland, as determined by the N	atural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	☐ Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated	on dry land Explain rationale:
	Other (explain):	off dry fund. Explain futionale.
DATAB	PEVIEWED FOR HIDSINICTIONAL DETERMINAT	CION (month all that apply).
	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATE Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of th	
	Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the app	
	This office concurs with the delineation report, dated	
	This office does not concur with the delineation report	rt. dated prepared by (company):
	Data sheets prepared by the Corps.	, p
	Corps' navigable waters' studies:	
	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:	
	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: P	OINT COMFORT, TEXAS
	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:	
	U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:	
	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Sur	/ey:
	National wetlands inventory maps:	
	State/Local wetland inventory maps:	
Ш	FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):	
	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)	
	Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):	
	Other photographs (Date):	
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:	
	Site visit/determination conducted on:	
	Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):	
	Outer intermation (picase specify).	



¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RC **FILE NUMBER:** D-11799/(01)

PR	റ	JE	CT	L	O.	C	A	T	T	O	N	I	T	VI	F	n	R	٨	1	Δ	T	ı	16	J.	

State:

TX

County:

Fort Bend

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

29° 31′ 03"N, 95° 32′ 01"W (NAD27)

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands:

Name of nearest waterway: Oyster Creek

Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

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Date: 02-10-06

Site visit(s)

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The "lake" appears to be a an oxbow of Oyster creek that has in the recent past been isolated and removed from the anticipated high flows of the nearest navigable water and as such isolated it. There is no known nexus to interstate commerce associated with it and as such being that it is an "isolated" waterbody it is not within the jurisdiction of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

FILE NUMBER: D-11799/(01)

	ateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)	
Ž	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by:	
	☐ clear, natural line impressed on the bank ☐ oil or scum line along shore objects ☐ the presence of litter and debris ☐ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)	
	changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics	
	destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages	
	shelving other:	
	other:	
	☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.	
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepare	d by:
	asis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:	
	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the processes of waters in 22 CER part 228(a)(1, 2, or 4.7)	
	Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).	
	The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters	of the
	United States:	
	Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.	
	Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and	
	Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling ba	isins or
	rice growing.	3113, 01
	Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created	
	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.	
	Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry	
	the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 328.3(a).	
	 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain ratio 	nale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:	
	Other (explain):	
DATAD	DEVIEWED FOR HIDSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (co. 1. Habitanal)	
	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.	
	☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):	
	☐ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):	
38		
	Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:	
	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:	
図	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:	
	U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:	
	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:	
324 332	National wetlands inventory maps:	
2.24	State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 22 Aug 2002	
	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)	
	Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 1995	
M	Other photographs (Date):	
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:	
	Site visit/determination conducted on:	
ابشنبا	· /LL//.	

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D18248

\mathbf{p}	O IFCT	LOCATION	INFODMA	TION.

State: TX
County: Starr

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): N26 19' 0.26", W98 42' 20.45"

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Garcias Creek Name of watershed: Rio Grande River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s) Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Date: 10Feb2006

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

Lat	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:Other (explain):
DATA R	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: La Grulla Quad U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 18 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 19 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 10 Minute H

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District **FILE NUMBER:** D-14985 site 8

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Goliad

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 28-31-28.20 97-35-19.14

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: approximately 1 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Blanco Creek Name of watershed: Misson River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 10 February 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: D-14985 site 8 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages other: shelving П other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. П Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Berclair U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Berclair State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District **FILE NUMBER:** D-14985 site 9

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Goliad

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 28-31-50.73 97-34.49.41 Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: approximately 5 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Millers Creek Name of watershed: Misson River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 10 February 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, ___ there appear to be (or) ___ there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: D-14985 site 9 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. П Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. П Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. , prepared by (company): This office concurs with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Berclair U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Berclair State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RCC

FILE NUMBER: I-5255

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Aransas

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 28-07-37/96-59-28 Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 10 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Aransas Bay Name of watershed: Aransas Bay

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 10 February 2006

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 10 acres.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 10 acres.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Area subject to ebb and flow of the tide.

FILE NUMBER: 1-5255

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other: □ other: □ destruction of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) □ high Tide Line indicated by: □ oil or scum line along shore objects □ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) □ physical markings/characteristics □ tidal gages □ other:
X	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA I	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: 2 September 1971 Galveston District List of Navigable Waters of the US U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 1995 DOQQ Other photographs (Date): 17 Nov 2005 aerial provided by HDR/Shiner Moseley Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law:

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.